U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADE FORM PTO-1390 (REV. 11-2000) TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES 3286-0168P U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. March 9, 1999 March 9, 2000 PCT/DE00/00735 TITLE OF INVENTION METHOD FOR THE AUTOMATIC RETRIEVAL OF ENGINEERING DATA FROM INSTRALLATIONS APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US BECKER, Norbert; DIEZEL, Matthias; ECKARDT, Dieter; LANGKAFEL, Dirk; LANGE, Ronald; WINDL, Helmut; BIEHLER, Georg; DONNER, Albrecht; KRAEMER, Manfred; LEINS, Ralf; SCHNEIDER, Karsten Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39 (1). The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31). A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). WO 00/54188 b. X has been transmitted by the International Bureau. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). a. is transmitted herewith. has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4) Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 7are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). á have been transmitted by the International Bureau. N have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. | have not been made and will not be made. An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). 8. An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). An English language translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). Items 11. to 20. below concern document(s) or information included: 11. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98-1449 and International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210) w/ 1 document An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 12. A FIRST preliminary amendment. 13. X A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 14. A substitute specification. **15.** \triangleright A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 16. A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821-1.825. 17. A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 18. A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4). 19. Other items or information: 20. X 1.) PCT Substitute Claims Letter w/ Amendments 2.) Four (4) sheets of Formal Drawings

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21. The following fees a					CAI	CULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5):								
Neither international pro-	eliminary examination							
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International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4)								
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Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than 20 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).					\$	130.00		
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Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +					\$	0		
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a. \(\times \) A check in the amount of \$ 1062.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.								
b. Please charge my Deposit Account. No in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.								
c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448.								
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.								
Send all correspondence to: Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP or Customer No. 2292								
P.O. Box 747								
Falls Church, VA 22040-0747								
(703)205-8000				///	' //		7	
Date: September 7, 2001 By Donald						Daley/#34,313)——	
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PATENT 3286-0168P

IN THE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants:

Norbert BECKER, Matthias DIEZEL, Dr. Dieter ECKHARDT, Dirk

LANGKAFEL, Ronald LANGE, Helmut WINDL, George BIEHLER, Dr. Albrecht DONNER, Manfred KRAEMER, Ralf LEINS, and Karsten

SCHNEIDER

Application No.:

NEW

Filed:

September 7, 2001

For:

METHOD FOR THE AUTOMATIC RETRIEVAL OF ENGINEERING

DATA FROM INSTALLATIONS

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

September 7, 2001

Sir:

The following preliminary amendments and remarks are respectfully submitted in connection with the above-identified application.

IN THE ABSTRACT

Please replace the Abstract with the attached revised Abstract.

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the original specification with the Substitute Specification attached hereto.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please replace the original claims with the following new claims:

1. (Amended) A method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from an automation system with a multiplicity of individual automation objects for the restoration of

representatives in an engineering system of objects of the automation system, comprising:

supplying, via the objects, an identifying designation of a type of respective representative to the engineering system;

creating, via the engineering system, corresponding representatives for the designated types and, for each of the representatives, entering a reference to the object; and

having, based upon the reference, each representative read out engineering information from the object.

2. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein in a first step for the restoration of device representatives in the engineering system, the method further comprises:

supplying, for devices on which the automation objects run, an identifying designation of a type of respective device representative to the engineering system,

creating, via the engineering system, corresponding device representatives for the designated types and entering, for each of the device representatives, a reference to the device, and

having, based upon the reference, each device representative read out engineering information from the device and,

wherein, in a second step for the restoration of representatives of the automation objects in the engineering system, the method further comprises,

supplying, via the automation objects, an identifying designation of a type of respective representative to the engineering system,

creating, via the engineering system, corresponding representatives for the designated types and, for each of the representatives, entering a reference to the automation object, and

having, based upon the reference, each representative read out engineering information from the automation object.

3. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein, in a third step for the restoration of communication relationships between the representatives of the automation objects in the engineering system, the method further comprises:

supplying, via the devices, lists with communication relationships to the engineering system,

converting, in the engineering system, entries of the lists into references to inputs and outputs of the representatives of the automation objects and, subsequently, setting up corresponding connections up in the engineering system.

- 4. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein both the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is possible between the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system.
- 5. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.

- 6. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the objects of the automation system have no direct reference to the associated objects of the engineering system, to make it possible for the engineering system and automation system to be separated.
- 7. (Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1 wherein, the method is used for the updating of already existing engineering information as a delta method.
- 8. (Amended) A system for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from an automation system with a multiplicity of individual automation objects for the restoration of representatives in an engineering system of objects of the automation system, comprising:

objects including an identifying designation of a type of respective representative for being supplied to the engineering system, wherein the engineering system includes

means for creating representatives for the designated types, and
means for entering, for each of the representatives, a reference to the
object, and

wherein the reference is provided for the reading out of engineering information from the object by each representative.

9. (Amended) The system as claimed in claim 8, wherein for the restoration of device representatives in the engineering system,

devices on which the automation objects run, include an identifying designation of a type of respective device representative for being supplied to the engineering system,

the engineering system includes means for creating device representatives for designated types and means for entering, for each of the device representatives, a reference to the device,

the reference being provided for the reading out of engineering information from the device by each device representative and wherein, for the restoration of representatives of the automation objects in the engineering system,

the automation objects contain an identifying designation of a type of respective representative for being supplied to the engineering system,

the engineering system includes means for creating representatives for the designated types and means for entering, for each of the representatives, a reference to the automation object,

the reference being provided for the reading out of engineering information from the automation object by each representative.

10. (Amended) The system as claimed in claim 9, wherein, for the restoration of communication relationships between the representatives of the automation objects in the engineering system,

the devices include lists with communication relationships for being supplied to the engineering system and

the engineering system includes means for converting entries of the lists into references to inputs and outputs of the representatives of the automation objects and means for setting up the corresponding connections in the engineering system.

- 11. (Amended) The system as claimed in claim 8, wherein both the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is provided between the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system.
- 12. (Amended) The system as claimed in claim 10, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.
- 13. (Amended) The system as claimed in claim 8, wherein the objects of the automation system have no direct reference to the associated objects of the engineering system, to make it possible for the engineering system and automation system to be separated.
- 14. (Amended) The system as claimed in claim 8, wherein the system is used for the updating of already existing engineering information.

Please add the following new claims:

- The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein both the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is possible between the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system.
- 16. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein both the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object

model and a direct communication at model level is possible between the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system.

- 17. The method as claimed in claim 4, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.
- 18. The method as claimed in claim 15, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.
- 19. The method as claimed in claim 16, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.
- 20. The system as claimed in claim 9, wherein both the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is provided between the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system.
- 21. The system as claimed in claim 10, wherein both the objects of the engineering system and the objects of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is provided between the objects of the

engineering system and the objects of the automation system.

- 22. The system as claimed in claim 11, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.
- 23. The system as claimed in claim 20, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output.
- 24. The system as claimed in claim 21, wherein entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a triple from an identifier of the device, an identifier of the automation object and an identifier of the input or output. --

REMARKS

Claims 1-24 are now present in this application, with new claims 15-24 being added by the present Preliminary Amendment. It should be noted that the amendments to original claims 1-14 of the present application are non-narrowing amendments, made solely to place the claims in proper form for U.S. practice and not to overcome any prior art or for any other statutory considerations. For example, amendments have been made to broaden the claims; to remove reference numerals in the claims; remove the European phrase "characterized in that"; remove

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multiple dependencies in the claims; and to place claims in a more recognizable U.S. form, including the use of the transitional phrase "comprising" as well as the phrase "wherein". Further, method claims have been written in a more recognizable U.S. form by including an "ing" verb to begin each clause. Again, all amendments are non-narrowing and have been made solely to place the claims in proper form for U.S. practice and not to overcome any prior art or for any other statutory considerations.

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.125, a substitute specification has been included in lieu of substitute paragraphs in connection with the present Preliminary Amendment. The substitute specification is submitted in clean form, attached hereto, and is accompanied by a marked-up version showing the changes made to the original specification. The changes have been made in an effort to place the specification in better form for U.S. practice. No new matter has been added by these changes to the specification. Further, the substitute specification includes paragraph numbers to facilitate amendment practice as requested by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

CONCLUSION

Accordingly, in view of the above amendments and remarks, an early indication of the allowability of each of claims 1-24 in connection with the present application is earnestly solicited.

DJD:kna

Should there be any outstanding matters that need to be resolved in the present application, the Examiner is respectfully requested to contact Donald J. Daley at the telephone number of the undersigned below.

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17; particularly, extension of time fees.

Respectfully submitted,

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

By:

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ABSTRACT OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to a method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations. The engineering and runtime objects are described by a uniform object model. This allows the correspondence between engineering objects and runtime objects to be determined at object level and no information is lost as a result of the mapping. In addition, a direct communication between engineering and runtime objects can take place, which can be utilized when the method is carried out.

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Description MARKED - UP COPY OF SPECIFICATION

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Method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations

FIELD OF THE INVENTION The invention relates to a method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

An automation system of this type is used in particular in the area of automation technology. An automation system of this type generally comprises a multiplicity of individual automation objects, which are frequently highly dependent on the engineering system respectively used.

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At present there are two basic methods in use. In the first method, the retrieval of the engineering data from the installation is ruled out. Changes to the installation are possible only via the engineering tool. Consequently, the data in the engineering system always reflect the current state and there is no need for information to be reproduced from the installation. This solution has the following disadvantages:

Strong link between runtime and engineering: The engineering system must be supplied along with the installation and also be additionally paid for by the customer.

Changes in the installation cannot be reproduced: If there are changes in the installation, for example as a result of a device being exchanged, these changes cannot be automatically reproduced in the engineering system.

High organizational expenditure: To keep the engineering data up to date, organizational precautions have to be taken to ensure the way in which changes in the installation are introduced into the engineering system.

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The second approach is based on a disassembly of the runtime code. In this case, the executable code of the runtime objects is analyzed and translated into the engineering counterparts. This solution has the following disadvantages:

- Elaborate method: The analysis of the runtime code is complex and susceptible to errors.
- Implementation-dependent: The implementation of the translation back is strongly dependent on how the translation process is carried out. Changes to the translation process and in particular the code created necessitate adaptation of the implementation of the translating-back process.
- information can • ES longer be produced no code 15 certainty: Since the runtime is semantically lower level than the actual engineering information, it cannot be ensured that engineering information can be exactly reconstructed.
- In the specialist article Elmqvist, H.: "A Uniform Architecture for Distributed Automation", Advances in Instrumentation and Control, vol. 46, part 2, 1991, pages 1599-1608, XP000347589 Research Triangle Park, NC, US, a description is given of an automation system whose objects are programmed in an object- and dataflow-oriented programming language. It uses a graphic
- creation of dynamically updated process images. The programming language allows an automatic communication between distributed objects.

 Summacy of the inventor

programming environment and offers means

The problem underlying the invention is that of allowing the information contained in an installation

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to be automatically reproduced in an engineering system and used again there, for example to plan changes in the installation.

This object is achieved by a method and by a system with the features specified in claims 1 and 8, respectively.

In this case, the engineering and runtime objects are described by a uniform object model. As a result, the correspondence between engineering objects and runtime objects can be determined at the object level and no information is lost as a result of the mapping. In addition, a direct communication between engineering and runtime objects can take place, which can be utilized when the method is carried out.

The relationship between an engineering object and its runtime counterpart is described in figure 1. The engineering object ESO has a direct reference, RTO ref, to its

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runtime counterpart RTO. This is possible since the runtime objects are available (or become available) at the time of engineering. The runtime object RTO has no direct reference to the associated engineering object. ís necessary to make it possible engineering system and runtime system to be separated. Instead of this, the object RTO contains an identifying designation, ESO type ID, referring to the type of engineering object, ESO type. Consequently, required instances of the ESO type can then be created by the RTO.

With respect to a runtime object RTO, the method for the restoration of engineering information proceeds as follows:

- 1. If a runtime object receives the order to retrieve its engineering information, it firstly addresses the type of its engineering object with the order to create a new instance of an engineering object.
- 20 2. In the newly created instance, the runtime object enters a reference to itself and orders the new engineering object to read out its data (that of the runtime object).
- 3. The new engineering object then reads out the information from the runtime object and enters the corresponding engineering information in itself.

BLISE DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is described and explained in more detail below on the basis of the exemplary embodiments represented in the figures, in which:

- figure 1 shows an overview to identify the relationships between engineering objects and runtime objects,
- 35 figure 2 shows a view of an object of an installation by way of example,
 - figure 3 shows an illustration of the creation of device representatives in the engineering,

Restoration of

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figure 4 shows a representation of the creation of the automation objects in the device representatives by way of example and

figure 5 shows a layout of the existing communication relationships in the engineering.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF TWO PROFICED EMBEDIES NIS

The method for the retrieval of engineering information from the installation proceeds in three steps:

Restoration of the device representatives;

Restoration of the representatives of the automation objects in the engineering $\int_{a}^{b} \alpha d$

the communication

relationships

between the representatives of the automation objects, A The method is described below for the complete retrieval of the engineering information. 15 However, it can equally be used for updating already existing engineering information, i.e. as a delta Hereafter, the overall method is referred to as upload.

rightarrowIn figure 2, the objects involved are listed by way of 20 Two automation objects run on each of the two devices RG1 and RG2. The automation objects RAO1 and run on RG1, RAO3 and RAO4 run on Communication connections are symbolized by lines. Thus, altogether two device-internal and two device-

25 interlinking communication relationships exist.

1. Restoration of the device representatives

The beginning of the upload is initiated from a software system. This may be an engineering system or any other desired system which requires engineering information. One example of this is a system for parameterizing the installation. For the sake of simplicity, hereafter reference is always made to an engineering system. In the first step, all the devices are requested to create their representation in the engineering. For this purpose, each device returns an identifier of the type of its engineering counterpart. The engineering system then creates the corresponding

objects and enters the reference to the actual device in each device representative. Βy means reference, each device representative then reads out the relevant data of "its" device.

5 Figure 3 illustrates what has just been described. devices of the installation, here RG1 and RG2, receive the request to upload through the engineering system. They then in each case return the identifiers of the engineering representatives. The types of the engineering system creates the instances G1 and G2 for the corresponding types. These then read out relevant engineering information from the devices RG1 and RG2.

15 2. Restoration of the automation objects in the engineering

the second step, the representatives of the automation objects are created in the engineering. Via the device assigned to it, each device representative requests the automation objects of its device to create 20 its counterparts in the engineering. For this purpose, each automation object returns the identifier of the type its engineering representative. engineering system, the corresponding objects are then 25 again created and provided with a reference to their partner in the runtime environment. After that, each automation object in the engineering inguires relevant data of its partner.

The result of this operation can be seen in figure 4. 30 The representative G1 inquires from the device RG1 the automation objects RAO1 and RAO2. These are then requested to upload by G1 and return the identifiers of types of A01 and AO2. By means of the information, the instances AO1 and AO2 are created in These then receive a reference to 35 the engineering. their runtime counterparts RAO1 and RAO2 are finally assigned to the device representative G1. As a result, the information on the device assignment of

automation objects is available again. Subsequently, AO1 and AO2 read out the information relevant for engineering from RAO1 and RAO2.

3. Restoration of the communication relationships between the automation objects in the engineering

In the final step, the communication relationships between the automation objects are restored. purpose, each device representative asks the device assigned to it for its communication relationships. The device then returns a list with both the deviceand device-interlinking internal communication An entry of this list comprises the relationships. source and drain of the communication relationship. 10 The source and drain are in each case described by a 3tuple from the identifier of the physical device, the identifier of the automation object and the identifier of the input or output.

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In the engineering system, the entries of the list are converted into references to the inputs and outputs of the representatives of the automation objects. For this purpose, the information from the already created objects (the references of the engineering representatives to their runtime counterparts) is used. Subsequently, the connection in the engineering system is then set up.

- An efficient way of carrying out the step will ensure that the list with communication connections created by each device only contains those in which the device appears in the identifier of the source (alternatively of the drain). Furthermore, an effective method will buffer-store the relationships between engineering representatives and runtime counterparts set up in
 - representatives and runtime counterparts set up in steps 1 and 2, in order in this way to minimize the searching effort in step 3.
- 35 Figure 5 then shows the result of the last step. G1 has inquired the communication relationships from RG1. In response, the relationships between RAO1 and RAO2, RAO1 and RAO3 and between RAO2 and RAO4 were returned.

The connections are then converted in the engineering, for example the connection

between RAO1 and RAO3 is converted to the connection between AO1 and AO3.

Both the objects of the engineering system and of the runtime system are based on the same, executable object The use of the same model makes possible a model. direct interaction at model level (data exchange and communication) between the engineering objects Furthermore, a unique mapping, which runtime objects. is independent of the implementation of the objects, is defined by the defined assignment between engineering and runtime objects.

This gives rise to the following advantages for the method: method:

- Separation of engineering and runtime possible: Changes do not necessarily have to be carried out with the engineering tool. If need be, the changes can be introduced into the engineering system at any time.
- Simple method: By determining the method at the level of explicit models, the method can be described in general terms and so becomes more reliable.
- Simple and complete mapping: There is a defined relationship between the runtime and engineering objects, making complete restoration of the engineering

information possible.

- Stable with respect to changes in implementation: Implementation of the runtime and engineering objects can be changed over without having any influence on the
- 30 mapping and consequently on the way in which the method is carried out.
 - Non-tool-specific: The upload mechanism can also be used by other tools and not just by the engineering system.

VARIATIONS

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04-25-2001 PCT/DE00/00735 CLMSPAMD MARKED-UF COPY OF THE CLLIMS 1999P03133 WO PCT/DE 00/00735 - 8 -What is classified is i Patent claims A method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from an automation system with a multiplicity of individual automation objects (RAO1..RAO4), in which method, (-) for the restoration of representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) in an engineering system of objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system, flyn, v [-] the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) supply an identifying designation of a type of their respective representative (G1, G2, A01..A04) to the engineering system [1] (-)the engineering system (creates) corresponding representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) for designated types and fin the case of each of the representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) enters (a reference to the object (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) means of the reference, and, by representative (G1, G2, A01..A04) (reads out engineering information from the object (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4). The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that, in a first step for the restoration of device representatives (G1, G2) in the engineering system, How com

that, in a first step for the restoration of device representatives (G1, G2) in the engineering system, in a first step for the restoration of device representatives (RG1, RG2) on which the automation objects (RAO1.RAO4) run, supply an identifying designation of a type of their respective device representative (G1, G2) to the engineering system,

the engineering system [creates] corresponding device representatives (G1, G2) for the

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- 9 - e-dim. for designated types and in the case of each of the representatives (G1, G2) enters/_a reference to the device (RG1, RG2)

means of the reference, each device representative / (G1, G2) reads out engineering information from the device (RG1, RG2) and,

n a second step for the restoration of representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) in the engineering system, the method further comprises

the automation objects [RAO1..RAO4] supply an identifying designation (ESO type ID) of a type (ESO type) of their respective representative (A01..A04) to the engineering system,

7the system, creates | corresponding engineering (A01..A04) for the designated 15 representatives of teach and 🗻 🖺 in the case types representatives (A01..A04) enters a reference to the automation object (RAO1..RAO4), and

means of engineering 20 representative ((A01..A04) reads information from automation the (RAO1..RAO4)/.

The method as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that, in a third step for the restoration of 25 relationships between communication the (A01..A04) of the automation representatives objects [(RAO1..RAO4] (in the engineering system, the

(RG1, RG2) supply (lists devices communication relationships to the engineering system,

in the engineering system, entries of the lists are converted into references to inputs and

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outputs of the representatives (AO1..AO4) of the (RAO1..RAO4) automation objects subsequently, corresponding connections are set up in the engineering system.

The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that both the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is possible between the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system.

method as claimed in claim 3 / or 4, characterized in that entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a (3-tuple) from an identifier of the device (RG1, an identifier of the automation object $\{$ (RAO1..RAO4) $\{$ and an identifier of the input or output.

Clarit, Wilmin The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the objects ((RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system have no direct reference to the associated objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04), to make it possible for the engineering system and automation system to be separated.

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- 11 - claiml, wherein

7. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the method is used for the updating of already existing engineering information as a delta method.

A system for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from an automation system with a multiplicity of individual automation objects [(RAO1..RAO4), in which,]

A01..A04) in an engineering system of objects

(RG1, RG2, RA01..RA04) of the automation system, Composite

the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01..RA04) contain an identifying designation of a type of their respective representative (G1, G2, A01..A04) for being supplied to the engineering system, Characteristics.

the engineering system Contains means for creating representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) for the designated types and means for entering in the case of each of the representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) a reference to the object (RG1,

the reference being provided for the reading out of engineering information from the object (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) by each representative (G1, G2, AO1..AO4).

9. The system as claimed in claim 8, characterized in that, for the restoration of device representatives

(G1, G2) in the engineering system,

objects (RAO1..RAO4) run contain an identifying

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designation of a type of their respective device representative (G1, G2) for being supplied to the engineering system,

the engineering system contains means for creating device representatives (G1, G2) for the designated types and means for entering in the case of each of the device representatives (G1, G2) a reference to the device (RG1, RG2)

of engineering information from the device (RG1, RG2) by each device representative (G1, G2) and in that, for the restoration of representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4)

in the engineering system,

(-)the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) contain an identifying designation (ESO type ID) of a type (ESO type) of their respective representative (AO1..AO4) for being supplied to the engineering system,

20 — the engineering system contains means for creating representatives (AO1..AO4) for the designated types and means for entering in the case of each of the representatives (AO1..AO4) a reference to the automation object (RAO1..RAO4),

of engineering information from the automation object (TRAO1..RAO4) by each representative (AO1..AO4).

10. The system as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that, for the restoration of communication relationships between the representatives (A01..A04) of the automation objects (RA01..RA04)

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in the engineering system,

the devices (RG1, RG2) contain lists with communication relationships for being supplied to the engineering system and

(-)the engineering system contains means for converting entries of the lists into references to inputs and outputs of the representatives

(A01..A04) of the automation objects (RA01..RA04) and means for setting up the corresponding

connections in the engineering system.

11. The system as claimed in one of claims 8 to 10, characterized in that both the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01.. RA04) of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is provided between the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01.. RA04) of the automation system.

12. The system as claimed in claim 10 or 11, characterized in that entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a 3-tuple from an identifier of the device (RG1, RG2), an identifier of the automation object (RAO1..RAO4) and an identifier of the input or output:

13. The system as claimed in one of claims 8 to 12),

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characterized in that the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system have no direct reference to the associated objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, AO1..AO4), to make it possible for the engineering system and automation system to be separated.

14. The system as claimed in one of claims 8 to 13, characterized in that the system is used for the updating of already existing engineering information.

New claims?, 15. Some as 4, but deport I 16. same as 4, but sep on 3 17. some as 5, but dep on 4 H. see as 5, but depon 15 19. Success, but deponth 10 2.1. 12 22. 12 20 23. 4) 12 21 24. 11

GR 99 P 3133 MARKED-UP VERSION OF THE ABSTRACT

Abstract

Method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations

The invention relates to a method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations. The engineering and runtime objects are described by a uniform object model. This allows the correspondence between engineering objects and runtime objects to be determined at object level and no information is lost as a result of the mapping. In addition, a direct communication between engineering and runtime objects can take place, which can be utilized when the method is carried out.

Figure 1

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION

METHOD FOR THE AUTOMATIC RETRIEVAL OF ENGINEERING DATA FROM INSTALLATIONS

[0001] This application is the national phase under 35 U.S.C. § 371 of PCT International Application No. PCT/DE00/00735 which has an International filing date of March 9, 2000, which designated the United States of America, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

Field of the Invention

[0002] The invention relates to a method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations.

Background of the Invention

[0003] An automation system of this type is used in particular in the area of automation technology. An automation system of this type generally comprises a multiplicity of individual automation objects, which are frequently highly dependent on the engineering system respectively used.

[0004] At present there are two basic methods in use. In the first method, the retrieval of the engineering data from the installation is ruled out. Changes to the installation are possible only via the engineering tool. Consequently, the data in the engineering system always reflect the current state and there is no need for information to be reproduced from the installation. This solution has the following disadvantages:

Strong link between runtime and engineering: The engineering system must be supplied along with the installation and also be additionally paid for by the customer.

Changes in the installation cannot be reproduced: If there are changes in the installation, for example as a result of a device being exchanged, these changes cannot be automatically reproduced in the engineering system.

High organizational expenditure: To keep the engineering data up to date, organizational precautions have to be taken to ensure the way in which changes in the installation are introduced into the engineering system.

[0005] The second approach is based on a disassembly of the runtime code. In this case, the executable code of the runtime objects is analyzed and translated into the engineering counterparts. This solution has the following disadvantages:

- Elaborate method: The analysis of the runtime code is complex and susceptible to errors.
- Implementation-dependent: The implementation of the translation back is strongly dependent on how the translation process is carried out. Changes to the translation process and in particular the code created necessitate adaptation of the implementation of the translating-back process.
- ES information can no longer be produced with certainty: Since the runtime code is at a semantically lower level than the actual engineering information, it cannot be ensured that the engineering information can be exactly reconstructed.

[0006] In the specialist article Elmqvist, H.: "A Uniform Architecture for Distributed Automation", Advances in Instrumentation and Control, vol. 46, part 2, 1991, pages 1599-1608, XP000347589 Research Triangle Park, NC, US, a description is given of an automation system whose objects are programmed in an object- and data-flow-oriented programming language. It uses a graphic programming environment and offers means for the creation of dynamically updated process images. The programming language allows an automatic communication between distributed objects.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] One problem underlying the invention is that of allowing the information contained in an installation to be automatically reproduced in an engineering system and used again there, for example to plan changes in the installation.

[0008] An object of the invention is to solve that and/or other problems by a method and by a system with the features specified in claims 1 and 8, respectively.

[0009] In this case, the engineering and runtime objects are described by a uniform object model. As a result, the correspondence between engineering objects and runtime objects can be determined at the object level and no information is lost as a result of the mapping. In addition, a direct communication between engineering and runtime objects can take place, which can be utilized when the method is carried out.

[0010] The relationship between an engineering object and its runtime counterpart is described in figure 1. The engineering object ESO has a direct reference, RTO ref, to its runtime counterpart RTO. This is possible since the runtime objects are available (or become available) at the time of engineering. The runtime object RTO has no direct reference to the associated engineering object. This is necessary to make it possible for the engineering

system and runtime system to be separated. Instead of this, the object RTO contains an identifying designation, ESO type ID, referring to the type of engineering object, ESO type. Consequently, required instances of the ESO type can then be created by the RTO.

[0011] With respect to a runtime object RTO, the method for the restoration of engineering information proceeds as follows:

- 1. If a runtime object receives the order to retrieve its engineering information, it firstly addresses the type of its engineering object with the order to create a new instance of an engineering object.
- 2. In the newly created instance, the runtime object enters a reference to itself and orders the new engineering object to read out its data (that of the runtime object).
- 3. The new engineering object then reads out the information from the runtime object and enters the corresponding engineering information in itself.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] The invention is described and explained in more detail below on the basis of the exemplary embodiments represented in the figures, in which:

- Figure 1 shows an overview to identify the relationships between engineering objects and runtime objects,
- Figure 2 shows a view of an object of an installation by way of example,
- Figure 3 shows an illustration of the creation of device representatives in the engineering,
- Figure 4 shows a representation of the creation of the automation objects in the device representatives by way of example and
- Figure 5 shows a layout of the existing communication relationships in the engineering.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0013] The method for the retrieval of engineering information from the installation preferably proceeds in three steps:

Restoration of the device representatives;

Restoration of the representatives of the automation objects in the engineering; and

Restoration of the communication relationships between the representatives of the automation objects.

[0014] The method is described below for the complete retrieval of the engineering information. However, it can equally be used for updating already existing engineering information, i.e. as a delta method. Hereafter, the overall method is referred to as upload.

[0015] In figure 2, the objects involved are listed by way of example. Two automation objects run on each of the two devices RG1 and RG2. The automation objects RAO1 and RAO2 run on RG1, RAO3 and RAO4 run on RG2. Communication connections are symbolized by lines. Thus, altogether two device-internal and two device-interlinking communication relationships exist.

1. Restoration of the device representatives

[0016] The beginning of the upload is initiated from a software system. This may be an engineering system or any other desired system which requires engineering information. One example of this is a system for parameterizing the installation. For the sake of simplicity, hereafter reference is always made to an engineering system.

[0017] In the first step, all the devices are requested to create their representation in the engineering. For this purpose, each device returns an identifier of the type of its engineering counterpart. The engineering system then creates the corresponding objects and enters the reference to the actual device in each device representative. By means of the reference, each device representative then reads out the relevant data of "its" device.

[0018] Figure 3 illustrates what has just been described. The devices of the installation, here RG1 and RG2, receive the request to upload through the engineering system. They then in each case return the identifiers of the types of the engineering representatives. The engineering system creates the instances G1 and G2 for the corresponding types. These then read out the relevant engineering information from the devices RG1 and RG2.

2. Restoration of the automation objects in the engineering

[0019] In the second step, the representatives of the automation objects are created in the engineering. Via the device assigned to it, each device representative requests the automation objects of its device to create its counterparts in the engineering. For this purpose, each automation object returns the identifier of the type of its engineering representative. In the engineering system, the corresponding objects are then again created and provided with a reference to their partner in the runtime environment. After that, each automation object in the engineering inquires the relevant data of its partner.

[0020] The result of this operation can be seen in figure 4. The representative G1 inquires from the device RG1 the automation objects RAO1 and RAO2. These are then requested to upload by G1 and return the identifiers of the types of AO1 and AO2. By means of this information, the instances AO1 and AO2 are created in the engineering. These then receive a reference to their runtime counterparts RAO1 and RAO2 are finally assigned to the device representative G1. As a result, the information on the device assignment of the automation

objects is available again. Subsequently, AO1 and AO2 read out the information relevant for engineering from RAO1 and RAO2.

3. Restoration of the communication relationships between the automation objects in the engineering

[0021] In the third step, the communication relationships between the automation objects are restored. For this purpose, each device representative asks the device assigned to it for its communication relationships. The device then returns a list with both the device-internal and device-interlinking communication relationships. An entry of this list comprises the source and drain of the communication relationship. The source and drain are in each case described by a 3-tuple from the identifier of the physical device, the identifier of the automation object and the identifier of the input or output.

[0022] In the engineering system, the entries of the list are converted into references to the inputs and outputs of the representatives of the automation objects. For this purpose, the information from the already created objects (the references of the engineering representatives to their runtime counterparts) is used. Subsequently, the connection in the engineering system is then set up.

[0023] An efficient way of carrying out the step will ensure that the list with communication connections created by each device only contains those in which the device appears in the identifier of the source (alternatively of the drain). Furthermore, an effective method will buffer-store the relationships between engineering representatives and runtime counterparts set up in steps 1 and 2, in order in this way to minimize the searching effort in step 3.

[0024] Figure 5 then shows the result of the last step. G1 has inquired the communication relationships from RG1. In response, the relationships between RAO1 and RAO2, RAO1 and RAO3 and between RAO2 and RAO4 were returned. The connections are then converted in the engineering, for example the connection between RAO1 and RAO3 is converted to the connection between AO1 and AO3.

[0025] Both the objects of the engineering system and of the runtime system are based on the same, executable object model. The use of the same model makes possible a direct interaction at model level (data exchange and communication) between the engineering objects and runtime objects. Furthermore, a unique mapping, which is independent of the implementation of the objects, is defined by the defined assignment between the engineering and runtime objects.

[0026] This gives rise to advantages for the method, including but not limited to:

Separation of engineering and runtime possible: Changes do not necessarily have to be carried out with the engineering tool. If need be, the changes can be introduced into the engineering system at any time.

Simple method: By determining the method at the level of explicit models, the method can be described in general terms and so becomes more reliable.

Simple and complete mapping: There is a defined relationship between the runtime and engineering objects, making complete restoration of the engineering information possible.

Stable with respect to changes in implementation: Implementation of the runtime and engineering objects can be changed over without having any influence on the mapping and consequently on the way in which the method is carried out.

Non-tool-specific: The upload mechanism can also be used by other tools and not just by the engineering system.

[0027] The invention being thus described, it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.

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Description

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Method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations

The invention relates to a method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from installations.

An automation system of this type is used in particular in the area of automation technology. An automation system of this type generally comprises a multiplicity of individual automation objects, which are frequently highly dependent on the engineering system respectively used.

At present there are two basic methods in use. In the first method, the retrieval of the engineering data from the installation is ruled out. Changes to the installation are possible only via the engineering tool. Consequently, the data in the engineering system always reflect the current state and there is no need for information to be reproduced from the installation. This solution has the following disadvantages:

Strong link between runtime and engineering: The engineering system must be supplied along with the installation and also be additionally paid for by the customer.

Changes in the installation cannot be reproduced: If there are changes in the installation, for example as a result of a device being exchanged, these changes cannot be automatically reproduced in the engineering system.

High organizational expenditure: To keep the engineering data up to date, organizational precautions have to be taken to ensure the way in which changes in the installation are introduced into the engineering system.

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The second approach is based on a disassembly of the runtime code. In this case, the executable code of the runtime objects is analyzed and translated into the This solution has the engineering counterparts. following disadvantages:

- ξ Elaborate method: The analysis of the runtime code is complex and susceptible to errors.
- $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Implementation-dependent: The implementation of the translation back is strongly dependent on how the translation process is carried out. Changes to the translation process and in particular created necessitate adaptation of the implementation of the translating-back process.
- longer be produced with information can no ξES Since the runtime code is 15 certainty: semantically lower level than the actual engineering ensured that it cannot be information, engineering information can be exactly reconstructed.
- In the specialist article Elmqvist, H.: "A Uniform 20 Architecture for Distributed Automation", Advances in Instrumentation and Control, vol. 46, part 2, 1991, pages 1599-1608, XP000347589 Research Triangle Park, NC, US, a description is given of an automation system whose objects are programmed in an object- and data-25 It uses a graphic flow-oriented programming language. for the and offers means programming environment creation of dynamically updated process images. programming language allows an automatic communication between distributed objects. 30

the invention that is problem underlying allowing the information contained in an installation

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to be automatically reproduced in an engineering system and used again there, for example to plan changes in the installation.

This object is achieved by a method and by a system with the features specified in claims 1 and 8, respectively.

In this case, the engineering and runtime objects are described by a uniform object model. As a result, the correspondence between engineering objects and runtime objects can be determined at the object level and no information is lost as a result of the mapping. In addition, a direct communication between engineering and runtime objects can take place, which can be utilized when the method is carried out.

The relationship between an engineering object and its runtime counterpart is described in figure 1. The engineering object ESO has a direct reference, RTO ref, to its

runtime counterpart RTO. This is possible since the runtime objects are available (or become available) at the time of engineering. The runtime object RTO has no direct reference to the associated engineering object.

5 This is necessary to make it possible for the engineering system and runtime system to be separated. Instead of this, the object RTO contains an identifying designation, ESO type ID, referring to the type of engineering object, ESO type. Consequently, required instances of the ESO type can then be created by the RTO.

With respect to a runtime object RTO, the method for the restoration of engineering information proceeds as follows:

- If a runtime object receives the order to retrieve its engineering information, it firstly addresses the type of its engineering object with the order to create a new instance of an engineering object.
- 20 2. In the newly created instance, the runtime object enters a reference to itself and orders the new engineering object to read out its data (that of the runtime object).
- 3. The new engineering object then reads out the information from the runtime object and enters the corresponding engineering information in itself.

The invention is described and explained in more detail below on the basis of the exemplary embodiments represented in the figures, in which:

- figure 1 shows an overview to identify the relationships between engineering objects and runtime objects,
- 35 figure 2 shows a view of an object of an installation by way of example,
 - figure 3 shows an illustration of the creation of device representatives in the engineering,

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figure 4 shows a representation of the creation of the automation objects in the device representatives by way of example and

figure 5 shows a layout of the existing communication relationships in the engineering.

The method for the retrieval of engineering information from the installation proceeds in three steps:

Restoration of the device representatives

10 Restoration of the representatives of the automation objects in the engineering

communication Restoration οf the relationships between the representatives of the automation objects described below for the The method is complete retrieval of the engineering information. However, it can equally be used for updating already existing information, i.e. as a engineering delta Hereafter, the overall method is referred to as upload. In figure 2, the objects involved are listed by way of example. Two automation objects run on each of the two devices RG1 and RG2. The automation objects RAO1 and run on RG1. RAO3 and RAO4 run on Communication connections are symbolized by lines. Thus, altogether two device-internal and two device-

1. Restoration of the device representatives

interlinking communication relationships exist.

The beginning of the upload is initiated software system. This may be an engineering system or any other desired system which requires engineering information. One example of this is a system for parameterizing the installation. For the sake simplicity, hereafter reference is always made to an engineering system. In the first step, all the devices are requested to create their representation in the engineering. For this purpose, each device returns an identifier of the type of its engineering counterpart. The engineering system then creates the corresponding

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objects and enters the reference to the actual device in each device representative. By means of the reference, each device representative then reads out the relevant data of "its" device.

Figure 3 illustrates what has just been described. devices of the installation, here RG1 and RG2, receive the request to upload through the engineering system. They then in each case return the identifiers of the The representatives. engineering of the types engineering system creates the instances G1 and G2 for 10 These then read out the corresponding types. relevant engineering information from the devices RG1 and RG2.

15 2. Restoration of the automation objects in the engineering

the representatives of second step, the automation objects are created in the engineering. the device assigned to it, each device representative requests the automation objects of its device to create its counterparts in the engineering. For this purpose, each automation object returns the identifier of the In engineering representative. its type of engineering system, the corresponding objects are then again created and provided with a reference to their partner in the runtime environment. After that, each automation object in the engineering inquires the relevant data of its partner.

The result of this operation can be seen in figure 4. The representative G1 inquires from the device RG1 the automation objects RAO1 and RAO2. These are then requested to upload by G1 and return the identifiers of of AO2. By means types of and A01 information, the instances AO1 and AO2 are created in These then receive a reference to the engineering. their runtime counterparts RAO1 and RAO2 are finally As a result, assigned to the device representative G1. device assignment information on the

automation objects is available again. Subsequently, AO1 and AO2 read out the information relevant for engineering from RAO1 and RAO2.

3. Restoration of the communication relationships between the automation objects in the engineering

In the final step, the communication relationships between the automation objects are restored. For this purpose, each device representative asks the device assigned to it for its communication relationships. The device then returns a list with both the deviceinternal and device-interlinking communication relationships. An entry of this list comprises the source and drain of the communication relationship. The source and drain are in each case described by a 3tuple from the identifier of the physical device, the identifier of the automation object and the identifier of the input or output.

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In the engineering system, the entries of the list are converted into references to the inputs and outputs of the representatives of the automation objects. For this purpose, the information from the already created objects (the references of the engineering representatives to their runtime counterparts) is used. Subsequently, the connection in the engineering system is then set up.

- An efficient way of carrying out the step will ensure that the list with communication connections created by each device only contains those in which the device appears in the identifier of the source (alternatively of the drain). Furthermore, an effective method will buffer-store the relationships between engineering representatives and runtime counterparts set up in steps 1 and 2, in order in this way to minimize the searching effort in step 3.
- 35 Figure 5 then shows the result of the last step. G1 has inquired the communication relationships from RG1. In response, the relationships between RAO1 and RAO2, RAO1 and RAO3 and between RAO2 and RAO4 were returned.

The connections are then converted in the engineering, for example the connection

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between RAO1 and RAO3 is converted to the connection between AO1 and AO3.

Both the objects of the engineering system and of the runtime system are based on the same, executable object model. The use of the same model makes possible a direct interaction at model level (data exchange and communication) between the engineering objects and runtime objects. Furthermore, a unique mapping, which is independent of the implementation of the objects, is defined by the defined assignment between the engineering and runtime objects.

This gives rise to the following advantages for the method:

Separation of engineering and runtime possible: Changes do not necessarily have to be carried out with the engineering tool. If need be, the changes can be introduced into the engineering system at any time.

20 **Simple method:** By determining the method at the level of explicit models, the method can be described in general terms and so becomes more reliable.

Simple and complete mapping: There is a defined relationship between the runtime and engineering objects, making complete restoration of the engineering information possible.

Stable with respect to changes in implementation: Implementation of the runtime and engineering objects can be changed over without having any influence on the mapping and consequently on the way in which the method is carried out.

Non-tool-specific: The upload mechanism can also be used by other tools and not just by the engineering system.

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Patent claims

 A method for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from an automation system with a multiplicity of individual automation objects (RAO1..RAO4), in which method,

for the restoration of representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) in an engineering system of objects (RG1, RG2, RA01..RA04) of the automation system, the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01..RA04) supply an identifying designation of a type of their respective representative (G1, G2, A01..A04) to the engineering system,

the engineering system creates corresponding representatives (G1, G2. AO1..AO4) designated types and in the case of each of the representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) enters a reference to the object (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) means reference, and, by of the representative (G1, G2, A01..A04) reads out engineering information from the object (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4).

(G1,

G2)

The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in 25 that, in a first step for the restoration of device representatives (G1, G2) in the engineering system, which the devices (RG1, RG2) on automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) run supply an identifying designation of a type of their respective device 30 representative (G1, G2) to the engineering system, engineering system creates corresponding

representatives

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designated types and in the case of each of the device representatives (G1, G2) enters a reference to the device (RG1, RG2)

and, by means of the reference, each device representative (G1, G2) reads out engineering information from the device (RG1, RG2) and,

in a second step for the restoration of representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) in the engineering system,

the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) supply an identifying designation (ESO type ID) of a type (ESO type) of their respective representative (AO1..AO4) to the engineering system,

system creates corresponding the engineering for the designated 15 representatives (AO1..AO4) types the case of each οf and in representatives (AO1..AO4) enters a reference to the automation object (RAO1..RAO4)

and, by means of the reference, each representative (AO1..AO4) reads out engineering information from the automation object (RAO1..RAO4).

- 3. The method as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that, in a third step for the restoration of communication relationships between the representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) in the engineering system,
- the devices (RG1, RG2) supply lists with communication relationships to the engineering system,

in the engineering system, entries of the lists are converted into references to inputs and

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outputs of the representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) and, subsequently, corresponding connections are set up in the engineering system.

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- 4. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that both the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, AO1..AO4) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is possible between the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, AO1..AO4) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system.
- method 5. The as claimed in claim 3 4, characterized in that entries in the lists with communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a 3-tuple from an identifier of the device (RG1, RG2), identifier of the automation object an (RAO1..RAO4) and an identifier of the input or output.
- 6. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system have no direct reference to the associated objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, AO1..AO4), to make it possible for the engineering system and automation system to be separated.

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- 7. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the method is used for the updating of already existing engineering information as a delta method.
- 8. A system for the automatic retrieval of engineering data from an automation system with a multiplicity of individual automation objects (RAO1..RAO4), in which,

for the restoration of representatives (G1, G2, A01..A04) in an engineering system of objects (RG1, RG2, RA01..RA04) of the automation system, the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01..RA04) contain an

identifying designation of a type of their respective representative (G1, G2, AO1..AO4) for being supplied to the engineering system, the engineering system contains means for creating representatives (G1, G2, AO1..AO4) for the designated types and means for entering in the case of each of the representatives (G1,

G2, A01..A04) a reference to the object (RG1,

- the reference being provided for the reading out of engineering information from the object (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) by each representative (G1, G2, AO1..AO4).
- 9. The system as claimed in claim 8, characterized in that, for the restoration of device representatives (G1, G2) in the engineering system, devices (RG1, RG2) on which the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) run contain an identifying

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RG2, RAO1..RAO4),

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designation of a type of their respective device representative (G1, G2) for being supplied to the engineering system,

the engineering system contains means for creating device representatives (G1, G2) for the designated types and means for entering in the case of each of the device representatives (G1, G2) a reference to the device (RG1, RG2),

the reference being provided for the reading out of engineering information from the device (RG1, RG2) by each device representative (G1, G2) and in that, for the restoration of representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) in the engineering system,

the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) contain an identifying designation (ESO type ID) of a type (ESO type) of their respective representative (AO1..AO4) for being supplied to the engineering system,

the engineering system contains means for creating representatives (AO1..AO4) for the designated types and means for entering in the case of each of the representatives (AO1..AO4) a reference to the automation object (RAO1..RAO4),

the reference being provided for the reading out of engineering information from the automation object (RAO1..RAO4) by each representative (AO1..AO4).

10. The system as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that, for the restoration of communication relationships between the representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4)

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in the engineering system,

the devices (RG1, RG2) contain lists with communication relationships for being supplied to the engineering system and

the engineering system contains means for converting entries of the lists into references to inputs and outputs of the representatives (AO1..AO4) of the automation objects (RAO1..RAO4) and means for setting up the corresponding connections in the engineering system.

- 11. The system as claimed in one of claims 8 to 10, characterized in that both the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01.. RA04) of the automation system are described by a uniform, executable object model and a direct communication at model level is provided between the objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, A01..A04) and the objects (RG1, RG2, RA01.. RA04) of the automation system.
- 12. The claimed in claim 10 system as 11, characterized in that entries in the lists with 25 communication relationships contain sources and drains of the communication relationships, the sources and drains in each case being described by a 3-tuple from an identifier of the device (RG1, identifier of the automation an (RAO1..RAO4) and an identifier of the input or 30 output.
 - 13. The system as claimed in one of claims 8 to 12,

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characterized in that the objects (RG1, RG2, RAO1..RAO4) of the automation system have no direct reference to the associated objects of the engineering system (G1, G2, AO1..AO4), to make it possible for the engineering system and automation system to be separated.

14. The system as claimed in one of claims 8 to 13, characterized in that the system is used for the updating of already existing engineering information.

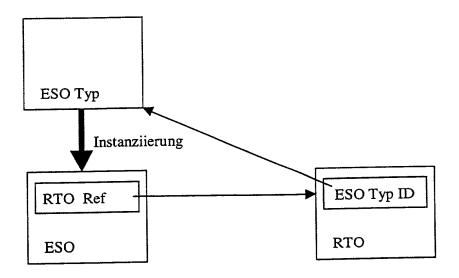


Fig. 1

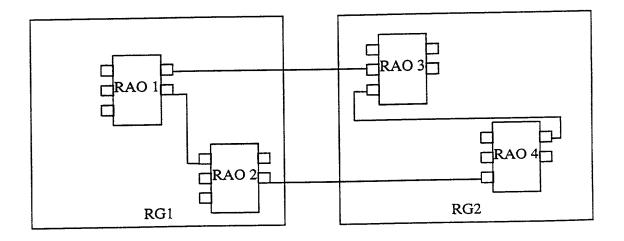


Fig. 2

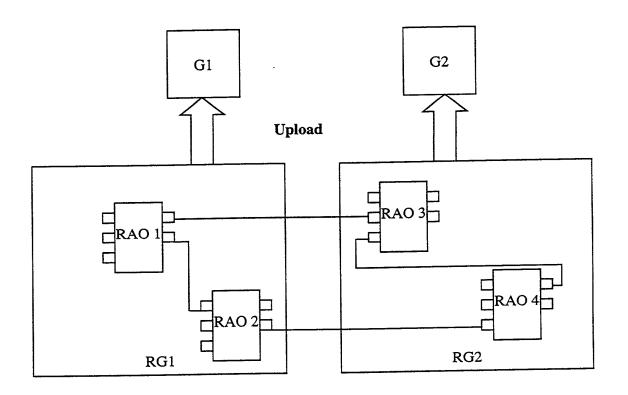


Fig. 3

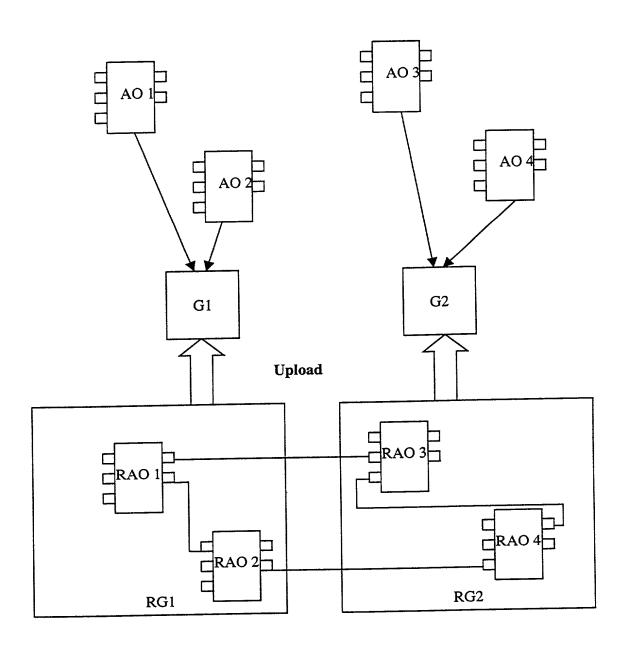


Fig. 4

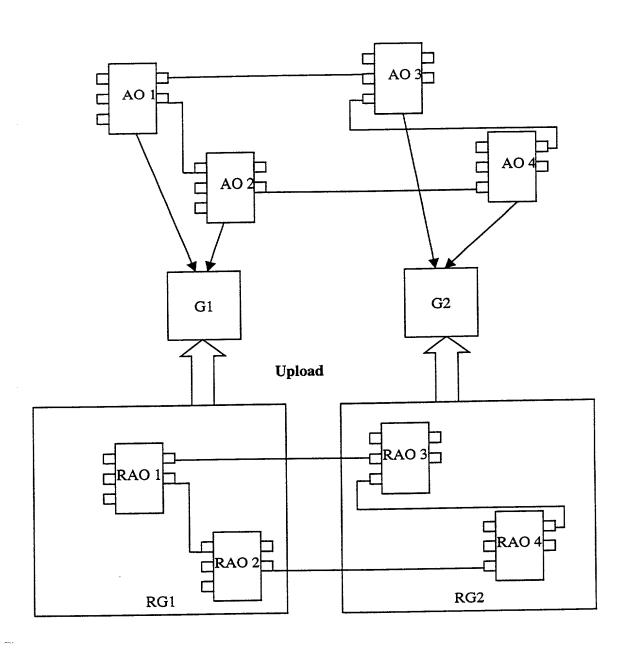


Fig. 5

Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application Erklärung Für Patentanmeldungen Mit Vollmacht German Language Declaration

Als nachster en do bedannter Erfinder erkläre ich hiermit an Eides Statt:

JAN 1 8 2002

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

dass mein Wohnsitz, meine Postanschrift, und meine Staatsangehörigkeit den im Nachstehenden nach meinem Namen aufgeführten Angaben entsprechen, My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

dass ich, nach bestem Wissen der ursprüngliche, erste und alleinige Erfinder (falls nachstehend nur ein Name angegeben ist) oder ein ursprünglicher, erster und Miterfinder (falls nachstehend mehrere Namen aufgeführt sind) des Gegenstandes bin, für den dieser Antrag gestellt wird und für den ein Patent beantragt wird für die Erfindung mit dem Titel:

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Method for the automatic retrieval of

<u>Verfahren zur automatischen</u> <u>Wiedergewinnung von Engineeringdaten</u> <u>aus Anlagen</u>

the specification of which

engineering data of systems

deren Beschreibung

(zutreffendes ankreuzen)

(check one)

☐ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on __09.03.2000 ___ as

PCT international application

☐ hier beigefügt ist.
☑ am <u>09.03.2000</u>als
PCT internationale Anmeldung

PCT Application No. PCT/DE00/00735
and was amended on ______
(if applicable)

PCT Anmeldungsnummer ______PCT/DE00/00735 eingereicht wurde und am _____ abgeändert wurde (falls tatsächlich abgeändert).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims as amended by any amendment referred to above.

Ich bestätige hiermit, dass ich den Inhalt der obigen Patentanmeldung einschliesslich der Ansprüche durchgesehen und verstanden habe, die eventuell durch einen Zusatzantrag wie oben erwähnt abgeändert wurde.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

Ich erkenne meine Pflicht zur Offenbarung irgendwelcher Informationen, die für die Prüfung der vorliegenden Anmeldung in Einklang mit Absatz 37, Bundesgesetzbuch, Paragraph 1.56(a) von Wichtigkeit sind, an.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Ich beanspruche hiermit ausländische Prioritätsvorteile gemäss Abschnitt 35 der Zivilprozessordnung der Vereinigten Staaten, Paragraph 119 aller unten angegebenen Auslandsanmeldungen für ein Patent oder eine Erfindersurkunde, und habe auch alle Auslandsanmeldungen für ein Patent oder eine Erfindersurkunde nachstehend gekennzeichnet, die ein Anmeldedatum haben, das vor dem Anmeldedatum der Anmeldung liegt, für die Priorität beansprucht wird.

Page 1

		German Languag	e Declaration		
Prior foreign app Priorität beanspi				<u>Priorit</u>	y Claimed
19910535.9 (Number) (Nummer)	<u>DE</u> (Country) (Land)	09.03.1999 (Day Month Year (Tag Monat Jahr		⊠ Yes Ja	□ No Nein
(Number) (Nummer)	- (Country) (Land)	(Day Month Year (Tag Monat Jahr	Filed) eingereicht)	☐ Yes Ja	□ No Nein
(Number) (Nummer)	(Country) (Land)	(Day Month Year (Tag Monat Jahr		☐ Yes Ja	□ No Nein
prozessordnung 120, den Vorz dungen und fall dieser Anme amerikanischen Paragraphen de der Vereinigten erkenne ich ge Paragraph 1.56 Informationen sieder früheren An	g der Vereinigten zug aller unten a s der Gegenstand ldung nicht in Patentanmeldun es Absatzes 35 de Staaten, Paragra emäss Absatz 37, 6(a) meine Pflicht an, die zwischen meldung und dem Anmeldedatum	Absatz 35 der Zivil- Staaten, Paragraph aufgeführten Anmel- aus jedem Anspruch n einer früheren g laut dem ersten er Zivilprozeßordnung aph 122 offenbart ist, Bundesgesetzbuch, zur Offenbarung von dem Anmeldedatum nationalen oder PCT dieser Anmeldung	I hereby claim the bene Code. §120 of any Un below and, insofar as the claims of this application. United States applicated the first paragraph of §122, I acknowledge information as defined Regulations, §1.56(a) we date of the prior application.	ited States and subject mon is not distinct in the month of the fitter and the state of the stat	application(s) listed natter of each of the sclosed in the prior nanner provided by nited States Code, o disclose material 7, Code of Federal de between the filing the national or PCT
PCT/DE00/007 (Application Serial I (Anmeldeseriennun	No.)	09.03.2000 (Filing Date D, M, Y) (Anmeldedatum T, M, J)	(Status) (patentiert, anhängig, aufgegeben)		pending (Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial (Anmeldeseriennur		(Filing Date D.M,Y) (Anmeldedatum T, M; J)	(Status) (patentiert, anhängig, aufgeben)		(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)
den Erklärung besten Wisse entsprechen, u rung in Kenntr vorsätzlich fals Absatz 18 de Staaten von A Gefängnis bes wissentlich un tigkeit der von	g gemachten Ang n und Gewissen und dass ich diese sis dessen abgebe sche Angaben gen er Zivilprozessordi Amerika mit Gelds straft werden koen d vorsätzlich falso	n mir in der vorliegen- gaben nach meinem der vollen Wahrheit e eidesstattliche Erklä- , dass wissentlich und näss Paragraph 1001, nung der Vereinigten strafe belegt und/oder nen, und dass derartig che Angaben die Gül- anmeldung oder eines len können.	I hereby declare that a own knowledge are the on information and be further that these st knowledge that willful made are punishable under Section 1001 of Code and that such jeopardize the validity issued thereon.	ue and that belief are belief are belie atements we false statem by fine or imof Title 18 cm willful false.	all statements made eved to be true, and ere made with the nents and the like so prisonment, or both, of the United States se statements may

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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)

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(Bitte entsprechende Informationen und Unterschriften im Falle von dritten und weiteren Miterfindern angeben).

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors).

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Page 3

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Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz HERZOGENAURACH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des sechsten Miterfinders: MANFRED KRÄMER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz WENDELSTEIN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift	Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Inventor's signature Date Dieter Electrett Residence HERZOGENAURACH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH GERMANY Full name of sixth joint inventor: MANFRED KRÄMER Inventor's signature Date 30.9 61 Residence WENDELSTEIN, GERMANN Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address
Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz HERZOGENAURACH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des sechsten Miterfinders: MANFRED KRÄMER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz WENDELSTEIN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift FLIEDERWEG 21A	Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Inventor's signature Date Dieter Electrett Residence HERZOGENAURACH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH GERMANY Full name of sixth joint inventor: MANFRED KRÄMER Inventor's signature Date 30.9 col Residence WENDELSTEIN, GERMAN Post Office Address FLIEDERWEG 21A
Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz HERZOGENAURACH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des sechsten Miterfinders: MANFRED KRÄMER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz WENDELSTEIN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift FLIEDERWEG 21A 90530 WENDELSTEIN	Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Inventor's signature Date Dieter Electrett Residence HERZOGENAURACH, GERMAN Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH GERMANY Full name of sixth joint inventor: MANFRED KRÄMER Inventor's signature Date 30.9 61 Residence WENDELSTEIN, GERMAN Post Office Address FLIEDERWEG 21A 90530 WENDELSTEIN
Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz HERZOGENAURACH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des sechsten Miterfinders: MANFRED KRÄMER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz WENDELSTEIN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift FLIEDERWEG 21A	Dr. DIETER ECKARDT Inventor's signature Date Dieter Electrett Residence HERZOGENAURACH, GERMAN Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address ZIEHRER STR 8 91074 HERZOGENAURACH GERMANY Full name of sixth joint inventor: MANFRED KRÄMER Inventor's signature WENDELSTEIN, GERMAN Post Office Address FLIEDERWEG 21A

(Bitte entsprechende Informationen und Unterschriften im Falle von dritten und weiteren Miterfindern angeben).

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors).

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Voller Name des siebten Miterfinders:	Full name of seventh joint inventor:
DIRK LANGKAFEL	DIRK LANGKAFEL
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	Inventor's signature Date
	It tulbe X 1209 M
Wohnsitz	Residence
EFFELTRICH, DEUTSCHLAND	EFFELTRICH, GERMANY
Staatsangehörigkeit	Citizenship
DEUTSCH	GERMAN
Postanschrift	Post Office Address
BERGSTR. 15A	BERGSTR. 15A
91090 EFFELTRICH	91090 EFFELTRICH
DEUTSCHLAND	GERMANY
Voller Name des achten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of eighth joint inventor/in any:
RALF LEINS	RALF LEINS
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	Inventors signature Ray Quin 18, 8.01
Wohnsitz	Residence \(\)
ISPRINGEN, DEUTSCHLAND	ISPRINGEN, GERMANY () TA
Staatsangehörigkeit	Citizenship
DEUTSCH	GERMAN
Postanschrift	Post Office Address
IM MAHLER 38	IM MAHLER 38
75228 ISPRINGEN	75228 ISPRINGEN
DEUTSCHLAND	GERMANY
Valler Name dee nounten Miterfinders (falle zutroffend):	Full name of pinoth joint inventor if any
Voller Name des neunten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of nineth joint inventor, if any
RONALD LANGE	RONALD LANGE
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Nonald Lange 8/23/01
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Planaled Page 8/23/01 Residence
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Park 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH-GERMANY
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Planaled Park 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH- GERMANY Citizenship
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Park 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH-GERMANY
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Nonald Augu 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Nonald Pay 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH-GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Nonald Pay 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH-GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Nonald Page 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend)	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Nonald Aug 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Nonald Aug 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend) KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Nonald Aug. 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Inventor's signature Date
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend): KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz	RONALD LANGE Inventors signature Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Inventor's signature Date Inventor's signature Date Inventor's signature Residence
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend): KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz ERLANGEN, DEUTSCHLAND	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER- Inventor's signature Date A. G. O. A. Residence ERLANGEN, GERMANY
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend): KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz ERLANGEN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Nonald 8/23/01 Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER- Inventor's signature Pate A. OG, OA Residence ERLANGEN, GERMANY Citizenship
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RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend) KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz ERLANGEN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift BOHLENPLATZ 7	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Inventor's signature Residence ERLANGEN, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address BOHLENPLATZ 7
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend) KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz ERLANGEN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Residence FÜRTH, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Inventor's signature Residence ERLANGEN, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address
RONALD LANGE Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz FÜRTH, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH DEUTSCHLAND Voller Name des zehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend) KARSTEN SCHNEIDER Unterschrift des Erfinders Wohnsitz ERLANGEN, DEUTSCHLAND Staatsangehörigkeit DEUTSCH Postanschrift BOHLENPLATZ 7	RONALD LANGE Inventor's signature Residence FÜRTH-GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address VIRCHOWSTR. 28 90766 FÜRTH GERMANY Full name of tenth joint inventor, if any KARSTEN BCHNEIDER Inventor's signature Residence ERLANGEN, GERMANY Citizenship GERMAN Post Office Address BOHLENPLATZ 7

(Bitte entsprechende Informationen und Unterschriften im Falle von dritten und weiteren Miterfindern angeben).

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors).

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oller Name des elften Miterfinders:	Full name of eleventh joint inventor:	
HELMUT WINDL	HELMUT WINDL	
nterschrift des Erfinders Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
	I H. IUM	8/29/01
/ohnsitz	Residence	<u> </u>
	PEISIG, GERMANY	
PEISIG, DEUTSCHLAND	Citizenship	
taatsangehörigkeit	GERMAN	
DEUTSCH	Post Office Address	
Postanschrift		
-ÖHRENSTR.10	FÖHRENSTR.10	
33077 PEISIG	93077 PEISIG	
DEUTSCHLAND	GERMANY	
/oller Name des zwölften Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of twelvth joint inventor, if any	
Toller Hame des Zwomen filmoninistro (lesio Essentin)		
Interschrift des Erfinders Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
Interschrift des Erfinders Datum	inventor's signature	
Vohnsitz	Residence	
	,	
Staatsangehörigkeit	Citizenship	
-		
Postanschrift	Post Office Address	
Postanscrim		
Voller Name des dreizehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of thirteenth joint inventor, if any	
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
Ontersound dos Emiliados		
	Residence	
Wohnsitz	1100000	
1	, Citi-market	
Staatsangehörigkeit	Citizenship	
Postanschrift	Post Office Address	
	_	
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Voller Name des vierzehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of fourteenth joint inventor, if any:	
Voller Name des vierzehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend):	Full name of fourteenth joint inventor, if any:	
Voller Name des vierzehnten Miterfinders (falls zutreffend): Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	Full name of fourteenth joint inventor, if any: Inventor's signature	Date
		Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum		Date
	Inventor's signature	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz	Inventor's signature Residence	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum	Inventor's signature	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz	Inventor's signature Residence , Citizenship	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz	Inventor's signature Residence	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz Staatsangehörigkeit	Inventor's signature Residence , Citizenship	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz Staatsangehörigkeit	Inventor's signature Residence , Citizenship	Date
Unterschrift des Erfinders Datum Wohnsitz Staatsangehörigkeit	Inventor's signature Residence , Citizenship	Date